MEASLES

MEASLES IS A SERIOUS DISEASE
Measles is a serious disease that causes a rash and fever.
Measles is very contagious. It spreads when a person with measles breathes out, coughs or sneezes.
Anyone who is not vaccinated is much more likely to get measles.
Measles can be dangerous, especially for babies and young children. In rare cases, it can be deadly.

PROTECT YOUR FAMILY FROM MEASLES
The best way to protect your family from measles is to get vaccinated.
Doctors recommend that all children get the MMR shot.
The MMR shot is safe and effective at preventing measles. It also protects against mumps and rubella.
Getting the MMR vaccine is safer than getting measles.
Most children do not have any side effects from the shot. The side effects that do occur are usually mild and don’t last long, such as a fever, mild rash, and soreness.

MMR VACCINE DOES NOT CAUSE AUTISM
No studies have found a link between autism and the MMR vaccine. This has been carefully studied by many doctors and scientists from around the world.
Scientists are studying what makes a child more likely to have autism. Most scientists agree that family genes may make a person more likely to develop autism. They are also studying connections between autism and where a person lives.
Ask your doctor if you have questions about measles or MMR vaccine.

For more information:
www.doh.wa.gov/measles
http://kingcounty.gov/health/measles
Symptoms of measles and how it spreads
Measles often begins with a high fever, cough, runny nose, and red, watery eyes. After 3-5 days, a rash usually begins on the face and spreads to other parts of the body.

You can spread measles to others once you have symptoms. You are contagious until the rash goes away.

You can get measles just by being in a room where a person with measles has been. The measles virus stays in the air for up to two hours after that person has left the room.

Call your doctor or clinic right away if you see symptoms
Your doctor or clinic will let you know if you need to come in for a visit.

Measles is very contagious and you could give it to someone in a waiting room. It’s important to tell your doctor or clinic that you have symptoms of measles before you go. They will give you instructions for what to do so that you don’t spread measles.

Stay at home if you have measles
It’s important not to spread measles to others.

Stay at home if you have measles. Don’t go to school, work, to the store, or other people’s homes.

Don’t have visitors to your home if you or your child have a fever or rash.

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